

A Bill to Ensure the Fair Sales Tax of Used Vehicles

1	BE IT ENACTED BY THIS UIL CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1 . The United States Congress will take action to ensure the fair sales tax of
3	used vehicles
4	SECTION 2 . The motor vehicle tax rate will be set to a nationwide 6.25%.
5	SECTION 3. The United States Department of Transportation will determine the value
6	of each vehicle separately and will oversee that this bill is enforced.
7	A. In many states, such as Texas, have different laws are in place that
8	regulate the sales tax of used motor vehicles.
9	B. With each state having different regulations on the sales tax of used
10	motor vehicles, the motor vehicle tax rate differs from state to state.
11	C. To ensure the fairness of sales tax on used vehicles the United States
12	Congress will enact a nationwide standard sales tax for automobiles.
13	D. By enacting this bill, the fair sales tax price on used vehicles will be
14	achieved.
15	SECTION 4. This bill is to become effective on January 1, 2017.
16	SECTION 5. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.
	Introduced for Congressional Debate by



A Bill to make it illegal for radios to play any sirens and or horns

1	BE IT ENACT	TED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1.	Radios are in every car and are listened to most of the time, when a radio
3		station plays sirens and or horn noises, it is very dangerous, because the
4		driver may think that it is in real life, this can cause many wrecks and
5		major confusion.
6	SECTION 2.	Sirens that being anything that resembles an emergency vehicles sirens,
7		like a police cruiser, ambulance, or a firetruck. Horn noises being anything
8		that resembles a vehicles horn.
9	SECTION 3.	The National Highway Traffic Safety Administration (NHTSA) shall
10		oversee this. If this law is not followed, the radio station shall face fines
11		not to exceed \$4,000. If it can be proved that a wreck was caused because
12		a radio station did not follow this law, the radio station shall be held as the
13		cause of the accident and shall have to pay for the repairs of both vehicles
14		and shall pay for all injuries.
15	SECTION 4.	This will go into effect on January 20, 2016
16	SECTION 5.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.
17 18		Introduced for UIL Congressional Debate by Whitehouse high school.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by



A Bill to Create a Federal Carbon Fee to Respond to **Climate Change**

BE IT ENACTED BY THIS UIL CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT: 1

2	SECTION 1.	Phased-in carbon fees on greenhouse gas emissions (1) are the most
3		efficient, transparent, and enforceable mechanism to drive an effective and
4		fair transition to a domestic-energy economy, (2) will stimulate investment
5		in alternative-energy technologies, and (3) give all businesses powerful
6		incentives to increase their energy-efficiency and reduce their carbon
7		footprints in order to remain competitive.
8	SECTION 2.	Upon enactment, a carbon fee will be imposed on all fossil fuels and other
9		greenhouse gases at the point where they first enter the economy.
10	SECTION 3.	The Department of Energy shall propose and promulgate regulations
11		setting forth CO2 equivalent fees for other greenhouse gases including at a
12		minimum methane, nitrous oxide, sulfur hexafluoride, hydrofluorocarbons
13		(HFCs), perfluorocarbons, and nitrogen trifluoride. The Treasury shall
14		also collect the fees imposed upon the other greenhouse gases. All fees are
15		to be placed in the Carbon Fees Trust Fund.
16	SECTION 4.	The legislation would go into effect March 1, 2016.

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- **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void. 17

Introduced for Congressional Debate



A Resolution to Urge The President to Pardon Edward Snowden

1	WHEREAS,	Edward Snowden is in possession of millions of files vital to our nation's
2		security; and
3	WHEREAS,	The longer Edward Snowden remains in Russia, the more likely a leak of
4		those files will place American lives at risk; and
5	WHEREAS,	These leaks have already impacted sensitive operations conducted by our
6		British allies; and
7	WHEREAS,	Public perceptions of Snowden's actions have been altered in the face of
8		revelations about domestic surveillance; now, therefore, be it
9	WHEREAS,	The President of The United States is the only party capable of fixing this
10		risk to our nation's security; and
11	WHEREAS,	Similar calls for a pardon have already been brought forward to The
12		President, showing public support for the action; now, therefore, be it
13	RESOLVED	That the Congress here assembled make the following recommendation
14		for The President of the United States to pardon Edward Snowden.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by



A Resolution to Abolish Standardized Testing in Education

1	WHEREAS, Whereas, 2002's No Child Left behind Act (NCLB) states that all 50 states
2	must have standardized tests.
3	WHEREAS, U.S. students have slipped from 18 th in the world in math in 2000 and
4	then to 31st in 2009; and
5	WHEREAS, proponents say standardized testing is fair and objective measure of
6	student academic achievement and they ensure taxpayers, most relevant
7	constituents, teachers and schools approve; and
8	WHEREAS, opponents state that standardized tests are neither fair or objective and
9	that their use promotes narrow curriculum, or "Teaching the Test"; and
10	WHEREAS, standardized testing in education inadequately teach students knowledge
11	and skills that will be useful after school life; therefore, be it
12	RESOLVED, That the UIL Congress here assembled make the following
13	recommendation for solution, that standardized testing be abolished as
14	the main measurement in our education.
	Introduced for Congressional Debate by



A Bill to Guarantee Internet

1	BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:	
2	SECTION 1. The United States shall allocate \$15 billion over the next ten y	ears
3	to aid in the establishment of a full-coverage internet public utility	
4	SECTION 2 . Internet providers will be given guaranteed service contracts in	n
5	exchange for meeting public utility standards, similar to water, sewer, and	
6	electrical service companies	
7	SECTION 3. The FCC will oversee the administration of grants, subsidies,	and
8	contractual negotiations to actualize this bill.	
9	A. Grant programs will be used to ensure penetration into rural and remote a	reas.
LO	and to ensure that serviceable broadband infrastructure is available to all	
l1	Americans.	
L2	B. Subsidies will be given to internet utility providers to keep costs low for	
13	internet users.	
L4	SECTION 4. The completion of this bill shall be no later than January 22, 2	026.
L5	SECTION 5. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.	
	Introduced for Congressional Debate by	



A Resolution to Mandate E-Verify to Confirm Employment Eligibility in the U.S.

1	WHEREAS,	U.S. law requires companies to employ only individuals who may legally work in
2		the United States; and
3	WHEREAS,	a diverse workforce contributes greatly to the vibrancy and strength of our
4		economy; and
5	WHEREAS,	this same economic strength also attracts unauthorized and unlawful
6		employment; and
7	WHEREAS,	E-verify is an internet-based system that allows businesses to determine the
8		eligibility of their employees' to work in the United States with speech and
9		accuracy; and
10	WHEREAS,	Mandatory use of E-Verify ensures that all U.S. businesses operate on a level
11		playing field; now, therefore, be it
12	RESOLVED,	By the Congress here assembled that the following recommendation be made,
13		that E-Verify be used by all United States employers to confirm employment
14		eligibility in the United States.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by



A Bill to Fund Gun Violence Research

1	BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1 . The United States Federal Government will allocate \$500,000,000 for
3	research on the relationship between gun ownership and gun violence.
4	SECTION 2 . "Research" is to be defined as the systematic investigation into and study
5	of materials and sources in order to establish facts and reach new
6	conclusions.
7	SECTION 3. The Department of Health and Human Services, more specifically the
8	Center for Disease Control and Prevention will oversee the
9	implementation of this bill.
10	SECTION 4. This bill will go into effect within 4 months of its passage.
11	SECTION 5. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and voi
	Introduced for Congressional Debate by



A Bill to Repeal the "No Child Left Behind Act of 2002"

1	BE IT ENAC	TED BY THIS CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1.	The United States federal government will repeal the "No Child Left Behind Act
3		of 2002," assuring that public schools will no longer be forced to fulfil the testing
4		and other requirements laid out in the legislation.
5	SECTION 2.	The requirements of the program include Annual Yearly Progress tests for grades
6		3-8 and once during grades 9-12. If a school misses its annual goal two years in a
7		row, the school is required to allow students to transfer to other public schools. It
8		a school misses its annual goal three years in a row, the school is required to
9		provide free tutoring. If a school continues to miss its annual goal, the school is
10		subject to take over by the state and federal governments.
11	SECTION 3.	The Department of Education will oversee the enforcement of this bill.
12	SECTION 4.	This law will take effect at the beginning of the 2016-2017 school year.
13	SECTION 5.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.



Bill to Open Borders between the U.S., Mexico, and Canada

1	BE IT ENACT	TED BY THIS UIL CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1.	The United States shall institute an open borders immigration policy
3		between its Mexican and Canadian borders. Persons wishing to enter must
4		show a valid passport and luggage will be checked, but then they shall be
5		allowed to enter the country.
6	SECTION 2.	Open borders shall be defined as all persons attempting to enter the United
7		States shall have their luggage and identification papers checked to ensure
8		no person or substance harmful to the U.S. shall enter. Each travel group
9		shall pay \$500 per vehicle or \$100 per person if they enter via bus or train.
LO	SECTION 3.	The Department of Homeland Security shall oversee all border activity.
l1		The US Customs and Border Patrol shall oversee the entrance and security
12		of the border entry points.
13	SECTION 4.	This bill shall be enacted beginning January 1, 2017.
L4	SECTION 5.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.
	Introduced for G	Congressional Debate by



A Bill to Legalize Physician Assisted Suicide in State

	Hospitals
1	BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

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2	SECTION 1.	The U.S. hereby legalizes assisted suicide by licensed physicians in state
3		hospitals for patients who have been diagnosed as terminally ill. Physicians
4		must be approved by a governing state medical board, and be employed in a state
5		hospital. The prescription medication to be used includes 9g of secobarbital or
6		10g of pentobarbital, mimicking states with preexisting techniques like Oregon,
7		Vermont and Washington.
8	SECTION 2.	Physician assisted suicide is the practice of providing a competent patient with a
9		prescription medication for the patient to use with the intention of ending his or
10		her own life. A competent patient is one who can make their own choices and has
11		met certain minimum requirements of age, soundness of mind, or the like.
12		Terminally ill patients are those who have been diagnosed with a disease that will
13		take their life. A state hospital is a hospital that is supported in part by taxpayers
14		and administered by state government officials.
15	SECTION 3.	This bill will be enforced by The Department of Health and Human Services
16		(HHS).
17	SECTION 4.	This bill will go into effect on January 1, 2017.
18	SECTION 5.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.
	Introduced for C	Congressional Debate by



A Resolution to Arm Military Recruitment Personnel in the United States

1	WHEREAS,	Unarmed military personnel are vulnerable to sudden violent and brutal shootings:
2		and
3	WHEREAS,	The July 16, 2015 Chattanooga shooting of a public recruiting facility that killed 5
4		service people proves a need for a solution to prevent further deaths of military
5		personnel; and
6	WHEREAS,	Vulnerabilities influence more "lone wolf" attacks against our nation which
7		proves that the U.S. military is currently not prepared for these attacks; and
8	WHEREAS,	With a significant lack of preparation, terrorism will be perpetuated, which poses
9		multiple disadvantages and threats to our homeland security
10	WHEREAS,	Arming recruiters in public facilities will prevent any risk of further attacks
11		towards those serving for our nation's safety; now, therefore, be it
12	RESOLVED	That the UIL Congress here assembled require all public military recruitment
13		offices nationwide to arm recruitment personnel with military approved handguns
14		funded and provided by the Department of Defense.
	Introduced for	Congressional Debate by



A Resolution to Extend Support for Syrian Refugees to Improve International Standing

1	WHEREAS,	The Syrian Civil War has caused a large amount of refugees to flee; and
2	WHEREAS,	The European Union doesn't have enough space to sustain all the
3		refugees, causing them to have to live in crowded, unhealthy refugee
4		camps in Turkey, Hungary, and the Balkans; and
5 6	WHEREAS,	the United States has done very little to help with the large influx of refugees; and
U		refugees, and
7	WHEREAS,	pushing for increased support for the refugees would prove that the United
8		States cares for the victims of the war without requiring direct aid; now,
9		therefore, be it
10	RESOLVED,	That the Congress here assembled give official support for all Syrian
11		refugees that have been displaced by the Syrian Civil War.
	Introduced for	Congressional Debate by



A Bill to Regulate Tuition of Public Universities to Make Advanced Education More Accessible.

1	BE IT ENACTED BY THIS UIL CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1 . Public Education Universities should not be permitted to exceed a yearly
3	tuition of \$1000, to make higher education an easier object to attain.
4	SECTION 2 . A tuition is defined as the charge or fee for instruction, as at a college or
5	university, and higher education being defined as graduating with a
6	diploma higher than a high school or General Education Diploma.
7	SECTION 3. The United States Department of Education will oversee the enforcement
8	of the allowed tuition.
9	E. This will not affect the price of dormitory housing, meal coverage, or
10	other fees such as books and supplies.
11	SECTION 4. This bill shall go into effect within one year of passage.
12	SECTION 5. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void
	Introduced for Congressional Debate by



A Resolution to Request that Ukraine join N.A.T.O. in order to Cease Russian Involvement in the Eastern Europe Region

1	WHEREAS,	The Russian military is conducting operations in the country of Ukraine;
2		and
3	WHEREAS,	They are assisting Pro-Russian Separatist forces with weapons, training,
4		munitions and soldiers; and
5	WHEREAS,	Further inaction can result in the total destruction of the country and its
6		neighbors; and
7	WHEREAS,	The basis for the creation of N.A.T.O. was to stop a country from
8		attacking a former member; and
9	WHEREAS,	Russia has been increasing their aggression by annexing the Crimean
10		Peninsula by a form of invasion; now, therefore, be it
11	RESOLVED,	That the UIL Congress here assembled request Ukraine to join
12		N.A.T.O. to protect their country and to put an end to Russian aggression
13		in Eastern Europe region.